

# UTAH COPPER MADE MASON VALLEY MINE NEW FACES GATHER

## BILL EXPLAINED IN SPLENDID TRIM ROUND PRINCE TABLE

Owner of Affected Claims Correction Made in Published Statement Gives a Different View to Report. Duncan MacVichie Found Board of Directors Is Elected at Meeting Held on Thursday.

### SAFEGUARDS LACKING

#### No Examination of Land Is Required Where Survey Has Been Made.

The injury that many attorneys believe might attend the passage of the bill recently introduced by Senator Smoot, in which the transfer of school lands to the states is arranged for, has caused a great many owners of Utah mining claims which might be affected thereby to do some deep thinking. It has been requested that an example be given of what injury might be done in case this law becomes effective.

For the sake of illustration, "A" is the owner of a group of unpatented mining claims on a surveyed school section, which group was located prior to the admission of Utah as a state. The group being unpatented, and no application having been made for a patent, the record of location can be found only in the district and county recorder's offices. There is no record in the state or government land departments showing that this group is claimed by anyone.

#### Inadequate Safeguard.

The section having been surveyed, this naturally eliminates the necessity for a second survey, and the bill provides that the governor of any state may certify such land to the secretary of the interior upon a specific publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the vicinity of the land. Any section, therefore, already surveyed can thus pass into the hands of the secretary of the interior and back again to the state without the land in question being visited and given an examination to determine its exact character and the existence or absence of legal mining locations.

The owner, "A," may be up in the hills or at some distant point where he will never see the publication required, and his group will pass from his possession simply because he has not received notification, and has had no opportunity to appear and protect his interests. Once the land has passed to the state, the claim owner would be forced to resort to a suit in equity to have his rights re-established, but this would involve delay and in many cases a prohibitive expense, while he may be forced from his ground during the period that his legal assessment work must be done.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

It is known generally that there are a large number of claims which will be affected adversely by any such legislation, and upon which the owner has expended a considerable amount of money in doing the annual development work as required by law. The law should provide some efficient safeguard to prevent such destruction of vested rights. What especially occasions concern over this proposed bill is that it will strip the man of limited or moderate means.

### MARKET HOLDS WELL IN PROFIT-TAKING

James A. Pollock & Co., bankers and brokers, furnish the following, received over their private wire yesterday afternoon:

Paine, Webber & Co., Boston.—The local stocks were more quiet today, but held their advance, and all profit-taking was easily absorbed. We feel we are going to have a long swing upward, and that any reactions are only natural incidents in a bull campaign. Many of the copper stocks are selling at 10 per cent over present dividends and are showing double what they are paying out. Stay long of stocks and buy more on the profit, taking advantage of all weak points.

Guthrie, New York.—Market firm but very inactive. Oil stocks were strong at very light trading. Coppers, tobaccos and industrials steady and quiet. The Tonopahs were stronger. North Star featuring with an advance of about 5 points from the opening on shorts covering and recent good reports from the Tonopah for much better prices in the whole Tonopah group.

New York Mining Stocks.—Market yielded as a consequence of realizing sales and moderate speculative selling, all of which appeared to be induced by the fact that bullish factors were not as aggressive as recently, and that the higher range of quoted values was attracting some outside liquidation. Commission houses report a reduction of loans as a consequence of selling stocks on the advances, from which it would seem that the public interest has not as yet assumed very large proportions and that professional operations in great part will govern the action of the stock market.

#### New York Mining Stocks.

James A. Pollock & Co., bankers and brokers, furnish the following, received over their private wire yesterday afternoon:

NEW YORK LISTED STOCKS.

Sales.	H.	L.	C.
Chino	1,600	404	401
Inspiration	7,400	152	151
Miami Copper	1,100	224	224
Nevada Con	1,200	164	164
Ray Con	300	34	34
Tennessee Copper	2,000	314	314
Utah Copper	2,600	514	504
Studebaker Com	300	28	28
Ontario Silver	300	12	12

#### NEW YORK CURB RANGE.

Sales.	H.	L.	C.
First National Cop	24	24	24
Giroux Con	2	2	2
Yukon Gold	2	2	2
Ohio Copper	2	2	2
New Keystone	11	11	11
South Utah	11	11	11
Mason Valley	8	8	8
Braden Copper	200	64	64
Elly Con	1,400	74	74
Kerr Lake	500	74	74
Belmont	150	64	64
Tonopah	260	44	44
Alaska Gold	300	12	12
Goldfield Con	10	10	10

#### NEW YORK CURB CLOSE.

	Bid.	Asked.
Consolidated	.07	.09
First Nat. Copper	2.62 1/2	2.87 1/2
Giroux Con	1.25	1.50
Yukon Gold	2.00	2.10
New Keystone	1.25	1.75
Nipissing	8.37 1/2	8.25
Ohio Copper	.50	.60
La Rose	2.25	2.37 1/2
Braden Copper	.12 1/2	.25
Elly Con	2.25	2.37 1/2
Kerr Lake	.37 1/2	.50
Sioux Consolidated	6.75	6.87 1/2
Mason Valley	1.50	1.60
Ontario	1.50	1.60
Colorado	.02	.05
Iron Blossom	.13	.16
Nevada Hills	1.20	1.30
	.88	.91

# UTAH COPPER MADE MASON VALLEY MINE

## BILL EXPLAINED IN SPLENDID TRIM

Owner of Affected Claims Correction Made in Published Statement Gives a Different View to Report.

### SAFEGUARDS LACKING

#### No Examination of Land Is Required Where Survey Has Been Made.

The injury that many attorneys believe might attend the passage of the bill recently introduced by Senator Smoot, in which the transfer of school lands to the states is arranged for, has caused a great many owners of Utah mining claims which might be affected thereby to do some deep thinking. It has been requested that an example be given of what injury might be done in case this law becomes effective.

For the sake of illustration, "A" is the owner of a group of unpatented mining claims on a surveyed school section, which group was located prior to the admission of Utah as a state. The group being unpatented, and no application having been made for a patent, the record of location can be found only in the district and county recorder's offices. There is no record in the state or government land departments showing that this group is claimed by anyone.

#### Inadequate Safeguard.

The section having been surveyed, this naturally eliminates the necessity for a second survey, and the bill provides that the governor of any state may certify such land to the secretary of the interior upon a specific publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the vicinity of the land. Any section, therefore, already surveyed can thus pass into the hands of the secretary of the interior and back again to the state without the land in question being visited and given an examination to determine its exact character and the existence or absence of legal mining locations.

The owner, "A," may be up in the hills or at some distant point where he will never see the publication required, and his group will pass from his possession simply because he has not received notification, and has had no opportunity to appear and protect his interests. Once the land has passed to the state, the claim owner would be forced to resort to a suit in equity to have his rights re-established, but this would involve delay and in many cases a prohibitive expense, while he may be forced from his ground during the period that his legal assessment work must be done.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

It is known generally that there are a large number of claims which will be affected adversely by any such legislation, and upon which the owner has expended a considerable amount of money in doing the annual development work as required by law. The law should provide some efficient safeguard to prevent such destruction of vested rights. What especially occasions concern over this proposed bill is that it will strip the man of limited or moderate means.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

# UTAH COPPER MADE MASON VALLEY MINE

## BILL EXPLAINED IN SPLENDID TRIM

Owner of Affected Claims Correction Made in Published Statement Gives a Different View to Report.

### SAFEGUARDS LACKING

#### No Examination of Land Is Required Where Survey Has Been Made.

The injury that many attorneys believe might attend the passage of the bill recently introduced by Senator Smoot, in which the transfer of school lands to the states is arranged for, has caused a great many owners of Utah mining claims which might be affected thereby to do some deep thinking. It has been requested that an example be given of what injury might be done in case this law becomes effective.

For the sake of illustration, "A" is the owner of a group of unpatented mining claims on a surveyed school section, which group was located prior to the admission of Utah as a state. The group being unpatented, and no application having been made for a patent, the record of location can be found only in the district and county recorder's offices. There is no record in the state or government land departments showing that this group is claimed by anyone.

#### Inadequate Safeguard.

The section having been surveyed, this naturally eliminates the necessity for a second survey, and the bill provides that the governor of any state may certify such land to the secretary of the interior upon a specific publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the vicinity of the land. Any section, therefore, already surveyed can thus pass into the hands of the secretary of the interior and back again to the state without the land in question being visited and given an examination to determine its exact character and the existence or absence of legal mining locations.

The owner, "A," may be up in the hills or at some distant point where he will never see the publication required, and his group will pass from his possession simply because he has not received notification, and has had no opportunity to appear and protect his interests. Once the land has passed to the state, the claim owner would be forced to resort to a suit in equity to have his rights re-established, but this would involve delay and in many cases a prohibitive expense, while he may be forced from his ground during the period that his legal assessment work must be done.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

It is known generally that there are a large number of claims which will be affected adversely by any such legislation, and upon which the owner has expended a considerable amount of money in doing the annual development work as required by law. The law should provide some efficient safeguard to prevent such destruction of vested rights. What especially occasions concern over this proposed bill is that it will strip the man of limited or moderate means.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

# UTAH COPPER MADE MASON VALLEY MINE

## BILL EXPLAINED IN SPLENDID TRIM

Owner of Affected Claims Correction Made in Published Statement Gives a Different View to Report.

### SAFEGUARDS LACKING

#### No Examination of Land Is Required Where Survey Has Been Made.

The injury that many attorneys believe might attend the passage of the bill recently introduced by Senator Smoot, in which the transfer of school lands to the states is arranged for, has caused a great many owners of Utah mining claims which might be affected thereby to do some deep thinking. It has been requested that an example be given of what injury might be done in case this law becomes effective.

For the sake of illustration, "A" is the owner of a group of unpatented mining claims on a surveyed school section, which group was located prior to the admission of Utah as a state. The group being unpatented, and no application having been made for a patent, the record of location can be found only in the district and county recorder's offices. There is no record in the state or government land departments showing that this group is claimed by anyone.

#### Inadequate Safeguard.

The section having been surveyed, this naturally eliminates the necessity for a second survey, and the bill provides that the governor of any state may certify such land to the secretary of the interior upon a specific publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the vicinity of the land. Any section, therefore, already surveyed can thus pass into the hands of the secretary of the interior and back again to the state without the land in question being visited and given an examination to determine its exact character and the existence or absence of legal mining locations.

The owner, "A," may be up in the hills or at some distant point where he will never see the publication required, and his group will pass from his possession simply because he has not received notification, and has had no opportunity to appear and protect his interests. Once the land has passed to the state, the claim owner would be forced to resort to a suit in equity to have his rights re-established, but this would involve delay and in many cases a prohibitive expense, while he may be forced from his ground during the period that his legal assessment work must be done.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

It is known generally that there are a large number of claims which will be affected adversely by any such legislation, and upon which the owner has expended a considerable amount of money in doing the annual development work as required by law. The law should provide some efficient safeguard to prevent such destruction of vested rights. What especially occasions concern over this proposed bill is that it will strip the man of limited or moderate means.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

#### What Is Required.

The secretary of the interior, under the wording of the proposed law, is required merely to "examine such lists" submitted by the governor, which specifically leaves out any examination of the land itself, while, as stated, there is no record in the interior department showing whether there is any valid mineral location upon such land or not.

**"Always Something Good to Eat"**



**Good foods! Pure foods! The kind you'll thoroughly enjoy. That's what you get at the "Royal." Only the best meats and vegetables find place on our steam tables. Our pies and cakes outrival the home-made kind. Tourists and other transients acclaim this cafeteria one of the country's foremost. Enjoy a good dinner here this evening. One meal here will win you to the "Royal Family."**

**ROYAL CAFETERIA**  
Also Cafe and Bakery

232 Main

Housewives used to be skeptical. They used to think that fruit could only be preserved with imported sugar.

But this, with other mistaken notions, has passed.

Now the foremost fruit preserving companies in this country use Utah-Idaho Extra Fine Beet Sugar.

They claim it gives entire satisfaction.

Legions of housewives have commenced its use. They use it for making jellies, preserves, icings, putting up fresh fruit, and in many other ways. For each use, they find it unexcelled.

If you haven't tried it, we suggest that you order a sack today.

Subject it to the severest tests; it will stand them all.



**UTAH IDAHO BEET SUGAR**  
EXTRA FINE BEET SUGAR

**UTAH THEATRE**  
FORMERLY THE ORPHEUM

ALL WEEK.

The Utah Stock Company With RICHARD VIVIAN in the Title Role Presents That Farical Comedy

**CHARLEY'S AUNT**

Prices—75c, 50c, 25c. Matinees Thursday and Saturday, 50c, 25c, 10c.

**Rex Theatre**

TODAY ONLY

One of the most intense and interesting dramas of the day.

**"STRANGER."**

With the famous actor, KING BAGGOTT, in the leading role.

This film heads the new bill at the Rex for today. Regular prices.

**Orpheum**

ALL THIS WEEK.

**Miss Zella Sears**

Five Musical Germans.

Miss Norton and Paul Nichols. Frank Combs and Ernest Aldwell. Helen Trux. La Vale and Melvin Stokes.

Carl & Letty.

Evening prices, 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c. Box seats, \$1. Matinees daily, 10c, 25c, 50c. Night performances, 8:15. Matinee daily, 2:15.

**Empress**

SULLIVAN-CONSIDINE Greater Advanced Vaudeville.

Porter J. White and Assoc. in "SCANDAL." Emma Francis and Arabian Whirlwinds, the Booth Trio, Hilbert and Kennedy, Morris and Bensley, Pianos and Bingham, Empire Orchestra, Gaumont Weekly.

TODAY 2:30 7:30 9:15

Regular 30c Matinee Daily 10c

**St. Mary's Academy**

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Conducted by the Sisters of Holy Cross from Notre Dame, Indiana.

This is one of the finest and most up-to-date educational establishments in the west.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE TO SISTER SUPERIOR, St. Mary's Academy, Salt Lake City, Utah.

OREGON SHORT LINE TIME CARD.		
EFFECTIVE AUGUST 3, 1913.		
Depart.	Arrive.	
7:15 A.M.	Ogden (Preston and Logan going). Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago.	7:55 A.M.
7:15 A.M.	Ogden, Logan, Preston (Chicago and points east also arriving).	6:50 P.M.
8:00 A.M.	Ogden, Malad, Pocatello, Boise, Ashton, Intermediate (Montpelier also going).	10:00 P.M.
9:15 A.M.	Overland Limited—Ogden, Reno, Sacramento, San Francisco.	6:10 P.M.
10:20 A.M.	Ogden and intermediate points.	6:50 P.M.
12:01 P.M.	Pacific Limited—Ogden, Omaha, Chicago.	8:15 A.M.
1:45 P.M.	Ogden, Boise, Portland, Butte.	4:35 P.M.
2:35 P.M.	Los Angeles Limited—Omaha, Chicago, Denver, St. Louis.	4:45 P.M.
3:50 P.M.	Overland Limited—Omaha, Chicago, Denver, St. Louis.	11:35 A.M.
4:15 P.M.	Ogden, Brigham, Cache Valley, Malad and Intermediate (San Francisco also going).	11:35 A.M.
5:45 P.M.	Ogden and intermediate points (San Francisco also arriving).	9:15 A.M.
6:45 P.M.	Ogden, Denver, Omaha, Chicago (Park City, Green River and west only, returning).	12:50 P.M.
7:15 P.M.	Yellowstone Special—Ogden, Pocatello and Yellowstone Park (San Francisco also arriving).	7:30 A.M.
11:45 P.M.	Ogden, Boise, Portland, Butte (San Francisco and west—California mail going only).	10:35 A.M.
11:45 P.M.	Pacific Limited—Ogden, Ely, San Francisco and west.	2:10 P.M.
Telephone, Exchange 15.		

**Aberdeen**<